32nd AIR EXPEDITIONARY GROUP



MISSION

LINEAGE

32nd Pursuit Group established, 22 Nov 1940 Activated, 1 Jan 1941 Redesignated 32nd Fighter Group (Twin Engine), 15 May 1942 Redesignated 32nd Fighter Group (Single Engine), 28 Sep 1942 Disbanded, 1 Nov 1943 Reestablished and redesignated 32nd Fighter Group (Air Defense), 11 Dec 1956 Activated, 8 Feb 1957 Discontinued and inactivated, 1 Feb 1961

32nd Composite Wing established, 10 Aug 1948 Activated, 24 Aug 1948 Inactivated, 1 Apr 1949 Redesignated 32nd Fighter-Bomber Wing, 23 Mar 1953 Redesignated 32nd Fighter Wing (Air Defense), 28 Dec 1960 Activated, 28 Dec 1960 Organized, 1 Feb 1961 Discontinued and inactivated, 1 Jul 1962 Organized, 1 Apr 1964 Redesignated 32nd Tactical Fighter Wing and activated, 6 Apr 1964 Discontinued and inactivated, 25 Jul 1964

32nd Fighter Group (Air Defense) and 32nd Tactical Fighter Wing consolidated, 31 Jan 1984

Redesignated 32nd Tactical Fighter Group on 1 Nov 1989

Activated, 16 Nov 1989 Redesignated 32nd Fighter Group, 30 Nov 1991 Redesignated 32nd Air Operations Group, 1 Jul 1994 Redesignated 32nd Air and Space Operations Center, 1 Nov 2005 Inactivated, 1 Dec 2006 Redesignated 32nd Air Expeditionary Group, and converted to provisional status, 8 Mar 2011

STATIONS

Rio Hato, Panama, 1 Jan 1941 France Field, Canal Zone, Dec 1941-1 Nov 1943 Kadena Field, Okinawa, 24 Aug 1948-1 Apr 1949 Minot AFB, ND, 8 Feb 1957-1 Jul 1962 George AFB, CA, 1 Apr-25 Jul 1964 Soesterberg AB, Netherlands, 16 Nov 1989 Ramstein AB, Germany, 1 Jul 1994-1 Dec 2006

ASSIGNMENTS

12th Pursuit Wing, 1 Jan 1941
26th Interceptor (later, XXVI Interceptor; XXVI Fighter) Command, 6 Mar 1942-1 Nov 1943
1st Air Division, 24 Aug 1948
Thirteenth Air Force, 1 Dec 1948-1 Apr 1949
29th Air Division (Defense), 8 Feb 1957
Minot Air Defense Sector, 1 Aug 1960-1 Jul 1962
831st Air Division, 1 Apr-25 Jul 1964
Seventeenth Air Force, 16 Nov 1989
United States Air Forces in Europe, 1 Jul 1994
United States Air Forces in Europe Aerospace-operations Support (later, United States Air Forces in Europe Theater Air and Space-operations) Center, 1 Oct 2001

Sixteenth Air Force, 1 Nov 2005-1 Dec 2006 United States Air Forces in Europe, to activate or inactivate, at any time on or after 8 Mar 2011

WESPON SYSTEMS

P-26, 1941 P-36, 1941 P-38, 1941-1942 P-40, 1942-1943 B-17, 1948 FB-17 C-46, 1948 B-29, 1948-1949 RB-29 T-33, 1960-1961, 1961-1962 F-106, 1960-1961, 1961-1962 F-4, 1964

F-15, 1989-1993

COMMANDERS

Cpt Roger J. Browne, 1 Jan 1941 Cpt James B. Buck, 16 Apr 1941 LTC Roger J. Browne, 4 Aug 1941 LTC William R. Robertson Jr., 23 Aug 1942-1 Nov 1943 Col Edwin M. Day, 24 Aug 1948 Col Walter E. Arnold, 22 Jan 1949 Col Charles P. Prime, 1 Feb 1949 Col Walter E. Arnold, 21 Mar-1 Apr 1949 Maj Joe E. Roberts, 8 Feb 1957 LTC John B. May, 11 Aug 1958 Col Frank Q. O'Conner, 23 Jun 1959 Col Richard F. Weltzin, 11 Oct 1960-1 Jul 1962 Col John L. Gregory, Jr., 1 Apr-25 Jul 1964 Col Richard H. Hagelin III, 16 Nov 1989 Col John Graham, Jr., 14 Jun 1991 Col William F. Hodgkins, 29 Jul 1993 Col Steven A. Caine, 19 Aug 1994 Col Michael J. Malone, 9 Jun 1995 Col James L. Ruttler Jr., 28 Apr 1997 Col Allen G. Peck, 13 Jun 1998 Col Keith G. Monteith, 3 Apr 2000 Col Steven J. DePalmer, May 2003 Col Jay B. Silveria, 16 Jun 2005 Col Peter H. Castor, 30 Dec 2005-1 Dec 2006

HONORS

Service Streamers World War II American Theater

Campaign Streamers

Southwest Asia Defense of Saudi Arabia Liberation and Defense of Kuwait

Armed Forces Expeditionary Streamers

None

Decorations

Air Force Outstanding Unit Awards 1 Jul 1990-30 Jun 1991 30 Sep 1992-29 Sep 1994 1 Jul 1994-1 Jun 1996 1 Oct 1996-30 Sep 1998 1 Sep 1997-31 Aug 1999 1 Oct 1998-30 Jun 2000 30 Jun 2000-31 May 2002 1 Jun 2002-1 Nov 2003 1 Jan-30 Nov 2006

EMBLEM







32nd Air and Space Operations Center emblem: Argent, a flight symbol bendwise Azure bearing a stylized aircraft Or, in sinister chief a globe per pale Sable and of the third, grid lines counterchanged, in dexter base a lion rampant of the fourth, all within a diminished bordure of the third fimbriated Gules. Attached below the shield, a White scroll edged with a narrow Yellow border and inscribed "32nd AIR AND SPACE OPERATIONS CENTER" in Blue letters. Ultramarine blue and Air Force yellow are the Air Force colors. Blue alludes to the sky, the primary theater of Air Force operations. Yellow refers to the sun and the excellence required of Air Force personnel. The counterchanged gridlined globe is significant to the unit's parent group and symbolizes its role in NATO, in the Netherlands, as fighter interceptors. The stylized aircraft symbolizes the fighter interceptor capabilities of the unit. The lion rampant symbolizes dauntless courage in the battle against evil. (Approved, 8 Aug 1960; newest rendition approved, 24 Mar 2006)

мотто

NICKNAME

OPERATIONS

32nd Pursuit (later, 32nd Fighter) Group assumed the mission of defending the Panama Canal with interceptor and fighter sweeps to protect Panama Canal installations and surrounding areas. Because of the diminished threat, the group disbanded on 1 Nov 1943.

Replaced the 71 Tactical Reconnaissance Wing at Kadena AB, Okinawa in Aug 1948 and provided photographic reconnaissance and search and rescue support services until it inactivated 1 Apr 1949

Activated as 32nd Fighter Group in Dec 1956; trained air defense combat crews, 1957-1960, and provided air defense for a segment of the north-central United States, 1960-1962.

Redesignated as 32nd Tactical Fighter Group and activated at Soesterberg AB, Netherlands on 16 Nov 1989.

Equipped with F-15, the group performed air defense and interception missions in coordination with units of the Royal Netherlands Air Force and other NATO air forces. Deployed aircrew and ground support personnel to Southwest Asia during OPERATIONS DESERT SHIELD and DESERT STORM, Aug 1990-Mar 1991 and continued to support air activities in theater as a part of OPERATION PROVIDE COMFORT, Apr 1991-Apr 1993.

A major force drawdown occurred in Europe associated with the end of the Cold War resulted in the group's F-15s moving to the United States and the return of Soesterberg AB to the Dutch.

Redesignated as 32nd Air Operations Group on 1 Jul 1994 and moved to Ramstein AB, Germany. Since 1994, supported OPERATIONS DENY FLIGHT, DELIBERATE FORCE, DECISIVE ENDEAVOR, GUARDIAN ASSISTANCE, GUARDIAN RETRIEVAL, ASSURED LIFT, and SILVER WAKE with deployed air operations, communications, and intelligence support. Inactivated at the end of 2006.

Air Force Order of Battle Created: 2 Aug 2011 Updated: 4 Feb 2019

Sources

Air Force Historical Research Agency. U.S. Air Force. Maxwell AFB, AL. The Institute of Heraldry. U.S. Army. Fort Belvoir, VA. Air Force News. Air Force Public Affairs Agency.